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## Abstract of doctoral dissertation

The concept of an organ of local self-government administration

– a study from the perspective of a commune in the broad sense
written under the supervision of dr hab. Piotr Lisowski, prof. UWr

The subject of the doctoral dissertation is the concept of an organ of public administration and its qualified form: an organ of local self-government administration. The primary aims of the dissertation are to redefine the concept of an organ of public administration and verify its correctness by means of the qualified form of this concept, i.e. the concept of an organ of local self-government administration, based on the example of selected structural and organizational phenomena located in bodies from the perspective of a commune in the broad sense. Both concepts are undoubtedly of fundamental importance for the study of administrative law, in particular because they concern uniform (universal) definitions of basic (general) terms in administrative law.

The dissertation consists of Schemes, Introduction, four Chapters with Conclusions and the closing Conclusion.

Schemes present the most important elements of the adopted terminological and conceptual grid, providing an a priori guide to the meaning of individual concepts and the relationships between them. The footnotes to Schemes also serve an auxiliary function because they contain further key definitions adopted in the work. Introduction presents the genesis and justification of the main aims of the dissertation, together with four initial research theses. This part of the dissertation also presents the methods used in the research, which primarily include the dogmatic method, supplemented with the elements of the historical-legal method and the empirical method.

Chapter I discusses a public administration body as a structural and organizational phenomenon in public administration. It is mainly a theoretical analysis in the field of administrative law, which, through the analysis of concepts in the field of public administration organization, focuses on the structural location of an organ of public

administration and characterizes the features that distinguish it from other structural and organizational phenomena to conclude by redefining it as a concept.

Chapter II is a normative and doctrinal analysis of the concept of modern local self-government with historical elements, the aim of which is to verify the research thesis about the representativeness of local self-government administration bodies from the perspective of a commune in the broad sense.

Chapter III presents the qualified form of the concept of an organ of public administration, i.e. an organ of local self-government administration, and research assumptions regarding the verification of the above-mentioned concept, along with a list of legal constructs with the claim to the status of an organ of local self-government administration, based on the initial assumption concerning their location in the structure of bodies from the perspective of a commune in the broad sense (taking into account the context of the personal substrate).

Chapter IV focuses on the analysis of the competence attributes crucial for the definition of an organ of local self-government administration and an organ of public administration. The analysis was conducted based on the example of selected 130 structural and organizational phenomena. In each case, it was determined whether a given phenomenon carries out any competences on behalf of the entity in which it is located. In conjunction with the previous findings from Chapter III, this allowed for the organ to be classified as an organ of local self-government administration.

Each of the above *Chapters* ends with *Conclusions*, which synthesize the adopted terminological and conceptual arrangements (often nuanced in relation to the existing doctrinal achievements), specify the attributes of individual concepts, and explain the reasons why it was necessary to introduce modifications.

The closing Conclusion summarizes the implementation of the main aims of the dissertation, the verification of the initially adopted research theses, and provides a summary of the collected conclusions, comments and postulates de lege ferenda.

The dissertation considers the normative status as of June 30, 2023.

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